

igis
THIS WEEK

Lotto Draw 22/76
Minimum first prize fund
IL350,000
accumulating up to
IL1,500,000
TODAY is the last day
for handing in Lotto entries.

THE WEATHER

Jerusalem	45	16-27	26
Golan	34	15-22	26
Nahariya	37	18-22	26
Safed	44	19-27	26
Haifa	52	24-27	26
Tiberias	43	21-24	24
Nazareth	43	18-22	24
Afula	49	16-20	30
Shimonon	43	17-22	26
Tel Aviv	63	22-28	30
B-G Airport	43	15-21	30
Jericho	43	15-21	30
Qana	68	22-30	30
Beersheba	45	16-20	30
Riat	38	22-27	37
Tiran	23	26-35	35

Social and Personal

President Ephraim Katzir yesterday received Druse poet Assad Axi of Shifram. The poet presented the President with a book of his poems in Hebrew.

President Katzir yesterday also received Shamal Cabana, Ambassador-designate to Rumania, and Mrs. Cabana.

Knesset Speaker Yisrael Yeshayahu yesterday met with Dr. Johanna Nestor, outgoing Austrian ambassador.

The Knesset Speaker also met with a delegation of 150 Nazareth women graduates of a civic education course conducted by the Information Centre, and with a group of Hebrew school principals and teachers from the U.S.

Prof. Abraham Katsh, president of Dropsie College in the U.S. and Mrs. Katsh, were the honoree guests of Speaker Yeshayahu and Mrs. Yeshayahu.

Rabbi Arthur Herzberg, president of the American Jewish Congress, and Mrs. Herzberg were yesterday guests of the Army for a tour along the northern frontier.

Professor Enrique Baranheim lectures this evening at 8 o'clock on "Reflections on Israeli Music" at the Hebrew University Forum meeting at The United Synagogue Centre, 2 Rehov Azzon, Jerusalem.

ARRIVALS

Maurice Chiche, world president of the Movement for North African Jewry and vice-president of the French Sephardi Federation.

Watchdog

(Continued from page one)
in financial administration were not rectified promptly, the door was always open to corrupt practice.

One stumbling block in the Cabinet during the three debates was that Ministers had become accustomed over the years to the Treasury playing a passive role in the inspection process, and acting as a general clearing house for departmental comment on the State Comptroller's complaints.

Gad Ya'acobi (Transport) Shlomo Elie (Police) Shimon Peres (Defence) and Moshe Baran (Labour), among others, said the Finance Minister had no authority to probe into the financial operations of such and every Ministry. As a result, Attorney-General Aharon Barak was called in to give an opinion, and he in fact ruled that the State Comptroller's Law gave the Finance Minister powers of inspection.

At yesterday's vote, Defence Minister Shimon Peres was the only one still to object to the intensified inspection procedures, arguing that they were impractical and redundant.

ISRAEL HOOPSTERS BEAT GREECE

MADRID. — Israel hoopsters beat Greece 76-61 in the European youth basketball championships here on Saturday. The Israelis were leading 36-31 at half-time.

The Soviet junior team beat the Yugoslavs 72-71, after 40-35 at half time.

At the end of the fourth day, Yugoslavia leads the first group with nine points, followed by the USSR (8), Greece (7) and Israel with six points. The second group is led by Spain, followed by Italy and Turkey.

The death occurred in London on August 8, 1976, of

CARMEL

(née Epstein)
wife of Joseph C. Gilbert.
Ruth Connell Robertson
Jerusalem

The unveiling of the tombstone and a memorial service for the late

OTTO DOV PANZER

will be held on Wednesday, August 11, 1976, at 5 p.m. at the Old Cemetery, Hadera.

Many thanks to all who tried to comfort us in our great bereavement.

THE FAMILY

Ben-Gurion University of the Negev

extends deepest condolences to

Rahella and Moshe Frywes

Dean of its Medical School and former President

on the sudden passing of their son

RAFI

PLO improved Israel's image

Jerusalem Post Staff

The way the PLO is wrecking Lebanon, and the way Israel planned and carried out the Entebbe rescue mission, are two major factors in the recent improvement in Israel's image abroad, Foreign Ministry director-general Shlomo Avineri said yesterday.

He was speaking to the 100 participants in the 1976 Israel Bonds Jerusalem leadership conference, who have been touring the country and meeting with its leaders since their arrival last week.

Prof. Avineri said the Entebbe operation had reversed the image of weak and divided leadership that had characterized Israel in recent years. It had reflected decision-making ability, and as a result Israel's restrained behaviour over the issue of Syrian intervention in Lebanon is now correctly understood abroad.

As a carefully calculated risk rather than as inaction.

Prof. Avineri noted that Israel's information effort is stressing the destructive role played by the PLO in Lebanon. The PLO's success in destroying the only state framework in the Arab world in which Moslems and Christians had lived side by side was ample proof of the falseness of the PLO slogan of a "domestic, secular state" under its auspices. This had awakened certain elements in the West and among the Arabs, he told the Bonds leaders, to the true nature of the PLO — and in this Israel information had played a key role.

Earlier yesterday morning the Bonds leaders laid wreaths at the Bar Herzl graves of former chief of staff David Elazar and of Sgan Aluf "Yoni" Netanyahu, who fell on the Entebbe mission.

After hearing, and putting ques-

tions to, Prof. Avineri they were received by President Katzir, who spoke to them of his long-standing interest in the Bonds campaign.

In the afternoon they were met at Mishkenot Sha'ananim by Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek, who conveyed the greetings of the capital's citizens to the delegates, some of whom had participated in the 1976 Jerusalem conference which had led to the establishment of Israel Bonds.

During the day a group of 45 delegates visited Kfar Habad. One of the group put on phylacteries and said afterwards: "I've been waiting 50 years for this day."

In the evening recent immigrants from the Soviet Union joined the Bonds conference for a session devoted to the problem of creating suitable jobs for the professionals who constitute a large proportion of Israel's Soviet immigrants.

IDF can block Lebanon attack

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The army has plans to block possible invasion routes from Lebanon, Chief Engineering Officer Tat-Aluf Arye Golan said yesterday.

He was speaking at a press conference with military correspondents here on the occasion of Engineering Corps day.

Tat-Aluf Golan said "the mountainous terrain (on the Lebanese front) is such... that it is very difficult (to carry out) a surprise (attack). You don't have to do much to create a satisfactory obstacle... the problem is budgetary

and the minute (the necessary sums) are provided — it can be done."

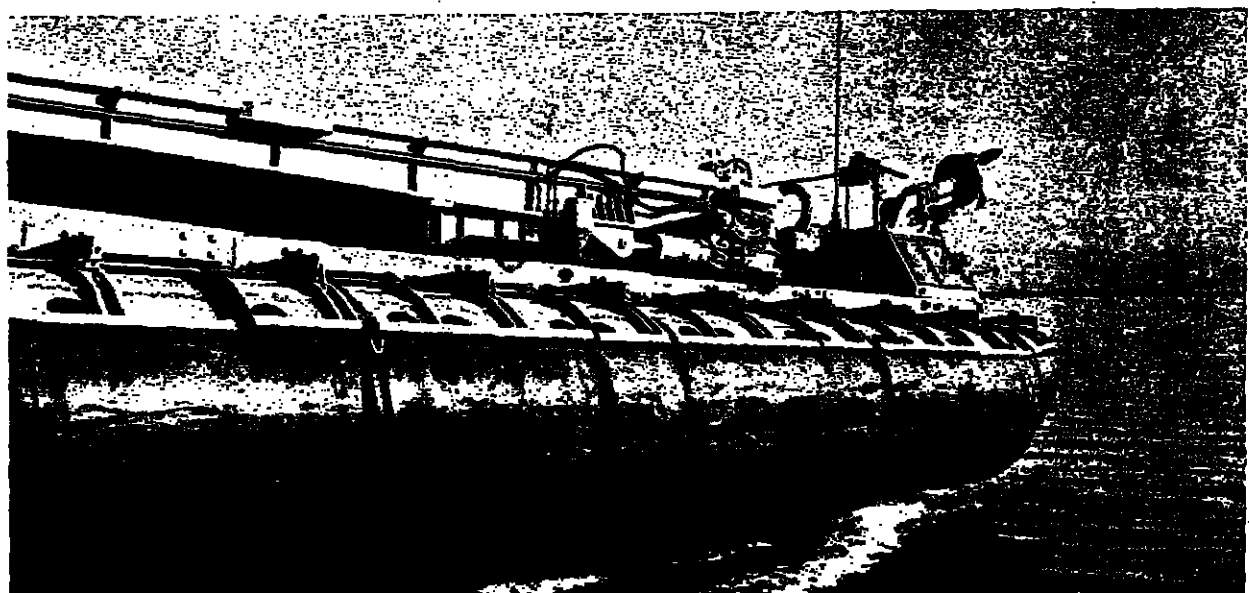
As to the Syrian frontier he said, "There is one continuous obstacle along the entire border." Tens of thousands of mines were planted there in the last six months alone. There are mine fields practically all over, he added, in addition to anti-tank and other obstacles.

The army has improved and added new positions from which fire could be directed at enemy troops trying to dismantle the mines, or bridge the anti-tank ditches, he also pointed out. Golan also disclosed, that the

IDF, has acquired amphibious bridges which are a German-French invention. The army has dubbed them "Timsah" (crocodile).

The bridge has its own wheels and engine and can be driven right up to the water front. Theoretically the bridges, which can support tanks, can be built at any length by attaching as many sections as needed.

Galel Zabal, the army radio station, reported that the bridge arrived as scrap in 1971 and was remodelled in the Merkavim plant here. It was the first to straddle the two banks of the Euphrates during the Yom Kippur war.



Timsah — the 'Crocodile' Bridge.

Government to fight 2 more golds at disabled olympics

By ASHER WALLFISH

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Government will fight a Likud member's attempt to subject it to tighter Knesset control. This was decided unanimously at yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet.

Likud MK Avraham Katz has submitted a private member's bill which calls for Knesset decisions, including decisions of committees on topics referred to them by the plenum, to be binding on the Government. The bill is in the form of an amendment to the Basic Law: Cabinet. It is due for a first reading near the beginning of the Knesset's winter session.

Today's cabinet decision means that the Government will ask the Knesset to strike the bill from the agenda when it is debated for the first time.

In theory, the government parties have a majority on all Knesset committees, as well as, of course, in the plenum itself. But in practice, opposition victories in committee debates are not rare. This is due to low attendance as well as an increasing tendency for coalition MKs to vote with the opposition in committee, when they think the Government is negligent or in error.

Justice Minister Haim Zadok told the Cabinet of the steps he himself had taken to get ministers to pay more attention to Knesset committee decisions. In an initiative apparently unconnected with Katz's bill, he has asked the House Committee to add a clause to House rules requiring

ing committee decisions on matters referred to the plenum to be transmitted to the relevant minister. The minister would then be obliged to comment on the decisions within a set time, and his comments would be conveyed to the committee concerned and tabled in the Knesset. Katz, responding to the Cabinet decision to try to kill his bill, said the government wanted to make a sham of the Knesset.

In another rejection of greater parliamentary control, the Cabinet decided that a private member's bill by Yedidia Be'eri (Likud) regarding supervision of secondary legislation should also be struck off the agenda when it comes up for its first reading.

Be'eri's bill would oblige Ministers gazetted regulations to table them before the Knesset Committee responsible within 10 days. The Committee would then have 45 days in which to amend or repeal the regulations.

Be'eri argues that whereas the Knesset is sovereign in regard to normal legislation, it has no control over regulations which are gazetted by the Minister under powers conferred on him by legislation. The citizen is thus subject to the arbitrary rule of the administration, without his elected representatives having the opportunity to intervene, Be'eri holds.

Fiscal legislation by regulation is the only type of secondary legislation which generally requires Knesset approval. In other spheres Ministers are for the most part unfettered.

TORONTO. — Israel was in 10th place yesterday among the 38 countries competing in the fifth Stoke-Mandeville games — the "Paralympic Olympics" — as the eight-day games reached mid-point.

The Israeli contingent, which has picked up six golds, four silvers and three bronze medals in four days of cup competition, got two of the golds over the weekend. One came when Shmuel Haim lifted 142.5 kg. in the light featherweight wheelchair class, tying the world record set in 1973. Israel was also leading in section A of the men's wheelchair basketball, with a 3-0 record.

Meanwhile, the 38-member Polish team, ranked third in the gold-medal race, pulled out of the games for the second time.

Sir Ludwig Guttmann, president of the International Stoke-Mandeville Games Federation, made the announcement yesterday.

Poland dropped out because of South Africa's apartheid policies, joining six other countries in leaving the competition. The others are Kenya, Uganda, Jamaica, India, Cuba and Sudan.

The Poles withdrew for a brief period on Friday, it was announced by officials, then returned later in the evening and won a number of medals.

The Netherlands leads the table with 22 gold medals, followed by the U.S. with 20 and Britain with 13.

Prophet Elijah feted at Carmel

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Several thousand people from all over the country yesterday made the traditional pilgrimage to the Cave of the Prophet Elijah, on the slopes of Mt. Carmel, at the western outskirts of the city.

The pilgrimage is held every year on the day after the "Sabbath of

Consolation," which follows the Fast of Tisha B'Av. Elijah is considered "The Prophet of Consolation."

The pilgrimage is especially popular among the Oriental communities and is considered a talisman to assure cures, bring good fortune and suitable marriage partners for bachelors of both sexes.

With deep sorrow, we mourn the untimely death on August 7, 1976, of our beloved mother, sister, relative and dear friend

VIVIANE LISSY

(née Bard)

of Ramat Gan

Her son, Martin Bard

Gothold Families of London



More than 1,000 residents of Sanhedria in northern Jerusalem, protesting yesterday in front of Old Hall over a planned new road linking Ramat Ramat Eshkol. They claim traffic passing close to their homes would violate the Sabbath atmosphere. The sign in English reads: "Tedi (Mayor Kollek), roads can be moved but Shabbat is eternal." (Samuel)

Alignment wants Histadrut elections in Dec. '77

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Histadrut elections will be postponed to December, 1977, if Alignment leaders in the labour federation have their way.

At a meeting of the Alignment executive in the Histadrut last week, most members favoured holding elections to the labour federation after those for the Knesset.

The Histadrut constitution stipulates elections be held in the last quarter of the fourth year in office. This means they can be held as late as December 31, 1977. But previous voting in the labour organization was held about a month before the Knesset elections and served as a kind of preliminary for the latter.

Some central committee members favoured elections in the beginning of 1978, but such a postponement requires a majority in the Histadrut council, and according to one report Alignment members concluded they could not muster it.

The election date will be decided in the Histadrut council later this year.

One central committee member told The Jerusalem Post he favoured late Histadrut elections because this would then be a smoothly functioning party apparatus to do the campaigning. "Instead of having to start from scratch, we'll have active people and branches. Everything will be organized."

The source also pointed out that in earlier elections, the Alignment lost more votes in the Histadrut (from convention to convention) than it had lost in the Knesset (from one election to the next). This, he believed, was because the party was better organized by the time Knesset elections were held.

Some observers pointed out that Histadrut leaders have often been critical of government policies. Secretary-General Yehoshua Meshel, for example, has frequently criticized Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz. If Histadrut elections were held shortly before Knesset elections, and labour leaders in the Histadrut were to pursue this line, they may hurt labour's chances in the Knesset elections, it was noted.

J'lem retailers hit business tax

By AARON SITNER

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Hundreds of Jerusalem retailers are once again balking at paying their municipal business tax. The Jerusalem Post learned yesterday.

The level of the city trade levy has led to a bitter dispute in recent years between the Municipal Finance Department and the Jerusalem Merchants Association. The latter claims the Capital's business tax is "hundreds" of per cent higher than those for similar shops in Tel Aviv and Haifa despite the fact that average turnover is lower than in those cities.

Last Friday a special sub-committee of the Municipality's Finance Committee adopted a resolution backing an across-the-board 25 per cent "discount" in current tax

bills and recommended that the tax rate not be raised next year. Furthermore, the subcommittee advised a "fundamental study of Jerusalem's business tax structure."

But Merchants Association secretary Avraham Ebrahman told The Post "these recommendations, while well-meaning, do not solve the problem of Jerusalem's retailers. We insist on equitable tax treatment with merchants in other Israeli cities. Our members are therefore withholding their tax payments, and our executive board will soon meet to plan further steps."

Last summer, violence and sit-ins at the Municipality followed attempts by police-assisted bailiffs to seize shops' merchandise in lieu of tax moneys due the city.

GROCERS T CUT STRIKE

TEL AVIV. — The General Chants' Association yesterday decided to reduce from one to three days the strike of 8,000 very shops scheduled to start Monday.

The decision, according to Perik, head of the association, taken to prevent "undue harm on the buying public."

Grocers are going out on to protest the hard condition valuing in their business, it was. Due to these conditions, several very shops have closed down recently, it was claimed.

(The association has not yet named the names or locations of these shops.)

It is believed that the main cause behind the strike is the Government's decision to require all merchants to keep books collected from the public.

Overtime pay senior officials

Senior officials in the Communications Ministry will receive overtime pay. This decision was approved by the Ministerial Wage Committee Jerusalem last night.

According to the ministry's man, this arrangement replaces "global overtime" pay for the top grades until now, whether there is a new law or not. A senior official of the Service Commission told The Jerusalem Post that allocation of overtime pay for senior grades lowered under the existing wage agreement. However, to be approved for each official by the Ministerial Committee.

The innovation in last night's decision is in giving the Communications Ministry a quota of hours which it will decide distribute among its officials. The maximum given to a civil is 25 hours per month, a mission for use of this quota good for six months — after a new request must be made by the Ministerial Committee.

Overtime pay is confined to certain types of jobs, mainly a technical nature, as stipulated in the existing wage agreement. Sources in the Communications Ministry conceded that this the officials concerned will be home more pay than under previous system. Might other civil officials demand a similar wage? No answer was forthcoming.

Murder susp saws self free

NAZARETH. — Police yesterday still searching for suspect Sami Elkayam, who yesterday sawed his way through the bars of the Beit She'an prison.

Elkayam was one of a group of Shaita prisoners who were out because prison authorities had murdered former Yefet Nagar, 34, a staged prison riot in June.

Elkayam said yesterday he was the sawing appears to be done by a fellow suspect Nagar killing, who had been in Beit She'an cell until a week ago and apparently managed his hacksaw blade on a wall.

Elkayam was serving a sentence for having, after murder, another Haifa prisoner.

IL35m. for IDF voluntary fund

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Over IL35m. in cash and in pledges — 10 per cent of which comes from abroad and partly from gentiles — has been contributed so far to the Israel Defence Voluntary Fund.

The idea of setting up the fund came from a group of citizens and Defence Minister Shimon Peres a few weeks before the Entebbe operation, as a way to do something about the cuts in the government defence budget and in American aid.

After the Entebbe raid, the fund swelled as contributions from Israelis in all walks of life, and from

foreigners who wished to show their appreciation of Israel's feat, streamed into the fund's headquarters.

Yesterday, Dmd Hakvutsoz Vekibbutzim has called for all of its members to participate in the fund raising effort.

Contributions to the fund should be sent to the Israel Defence Voluntary Fund C/O The Ministry of Defence, the Kityra, Tel Aviv.

THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION has awarded 200 young Israeli athletes IL300,000 in scholarships for institutes of higher education.

Exports kept on rising in July

Exports continued to show a steady upward trend in July, according to the latest figures from the Ministry of Commerce. The total value of exports for the month reached \$127 million, a 10 percent increase over July 1976. The main export categories were agricultural products, which accounted for 45 percent of the total, and manufactured goods, which made up 35 percent. The Ministry noted that the increase in exports was due to a combination of factors, including a rise in the price of agricultural products and a steady demand for Israeli-made goods. The Ministry also noted that the increase in exports was a positive sign for the Israeli economy, which has been struggling with inflation and a balance of payments deficit.

First matric tests out

The first results of last month's matriculation exams have been sent to the candidates' schools and homes. The Ministry of Education reported that the results were generally good, with a significant number of students achieving high marks. The Ministry also noted that the exams were held under fair conditions and that the results reflected the students' true abilities. The Ministry also noted that the exams were held under fair conditions and that the results reflected the students' true abilities.

d's air firm starts

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Useful security tips

For W. German leader

GROCERS CUT STRIKE

AVIV. — The Grocers' Association has announced that it will end its strike on Monday. The strike, which began on Friday, was called to protest against the government's decision to raise the price of food. The Association said that it had received a promise from the government that the price of food would be kept stable. The Association also said that it was pleased with the government's decision to end the strike.

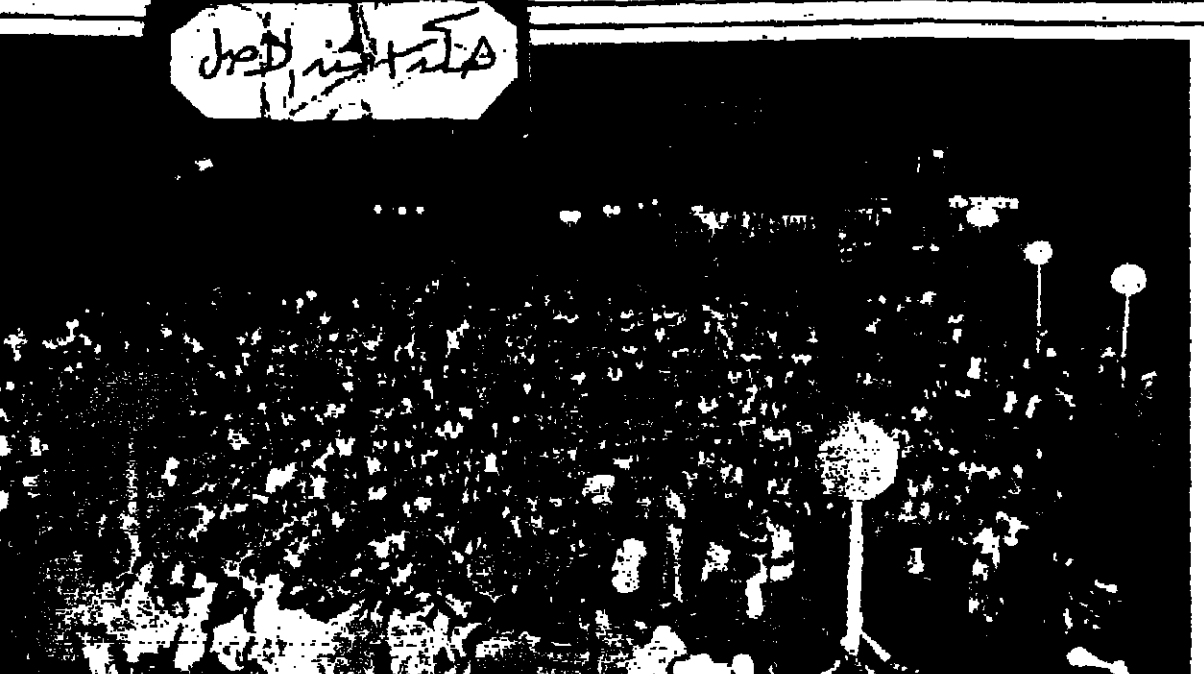
Over time senior

YOUR FOOTHOLD IN ISRAEL

With the dollar worth more, all our homes cost less.

Murder

SAWS



Haifa residents enjoying one of the semi-weekly free summer band concerts provided by the Municipality in the town's new plaza, formerly a busy traffic thoroughfare. (Starphoto)

USSR asked not to boycott Haifa games

Dane victor in chess competition

By ELIAHU GHARAF
Jerusalem Post Chess Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — Danish Grand Master Bent Larsen won the 11th International Chess tournament, which concluded on Saturday, scoring 12½ points in 19 games. Tied in second place were former world champions Tigran Petrosian and Mikhael Lajko, both of whom scored 12 points. The tournament was held in Haifa and attracted players from 15 countries. Larsen's victory was a surprise, as he was not considered one of the top players in the world. The tournament was a success, and it was hoped that it would encourage more people to play chess in Israel.

'Low-profile' Jews in Mid-East

WASHINGTON. — A participant in a U.S.-Arab business conference last week held in Amman, Jordan, said that despite the Arab boycott of Israel, Jews and Jewish-owned corporations do work in the Middle East. The participant, who was a Jewish businessman, said that he had been in Amman for several days and had met with many Arab businessmen. He said that the Arab businessmen were interested in doing business with Jews and that they were willing to ignore the Arab boycott. He said that he had been in Amman for several days and had met with many Arab businessmen. He said that the Arab businessmen were interested in doing business with Jews and that they were willing to ignore the Arab boycott.

U.S. rabbi rejects 'scare' tactics to promote aliya

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

A pitch for aliya among American Jews based on a warning that their lives and well-being in the U.S. will someday be in jeopardy will bring very few immigrants, Rabbi Walter Wurzburger, President of the (Orthodox) Rabbinical Council of America, told The Jerusalem Post last week. "You have to use a positive approach," he told The Post near the end of the RCA's national convention in Israel. "Very few Jews in America think of life in America as a threat to their lives. They are interested in promoting aliya, but they are not interested in promoting a scare tactic." Rabbi Wurzburger said that he was not interested in promoting a scare tactic to encourage Jews to move to Israel. He said that he was interested in promoting a positive approach to aliya, one that was based on the benefits of living in Israel. He said that he was interested in promoting a positive approach to aliya, one that was based on the benefits of living in Israel.

Captured Iraqi soldiers in Beirut

'War is not a religious conflict'

By DOUGLAS WATSON
The Washington Post

BEIRUT. — Two prisoners of Lebanon's predominantly Christian rightist forces told a press conference on Saturday that they were Iraqi soldiers sent secretly here as part of a 150-man Iraqi unit to fight with leftist-Palestinian forces (as was briefly reported in yesterday's Jerusalem Post). The two, who said they were Sergeant Shehab Raifan Ibrahim and Private Raifan Ibrahim, were captured by the rightist forces on July 23, arriving in Lebanon on July 23, coming by ship from Egypt, where they were armed, to the south Lebanon port of Tyre. The two men said they had been well fed and a Phalangist leader promised they would be treated according to international rules regarding war prisoners. The two men, speaking through an interpreter at the rightist Phalangist party headquarters in east Beirut, said they were captured on Wednesday while fighting in Shihab, a suburb south of Beirut. A Palestinian spokesman later denied that any force of regular Iraqi troops had joined the fighting in Lebanon, but said there are

'Most Israelis going abroad will smuggle currency'

By ZEEV SCHUL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Police have confiscated sizeable sums from Israelis going abroad since a crackdown on foreign-currency violations by Israeli police headquarters confirmed yesterday. Police said the order to impose the crackdown was given 10 days ago. An informed source told The Jerusalem Post that most of the 250,000 Israelis who would go abroad before the end of the year would be smuggling currency, as no one could possibly manage for any length of time within the \$450 limit imposed on most travellers. The source noted that the Treasury could not be blind to the many people making 45-day group flights to the U.S. (the cheapest fare for this is \$12,000). It was hard to see how any of these people could manage in the U.S. on \$10 a day — which is all their official allowance would permit them to spend. The source applied to trips to Europe, the source said. The only exceptions to the \$450 limit are recipients of individual remittances from Germany, and businessmen or official representatives and the like who are allowed to buy additional foreign currency. The source noted that the average Israeli traveller spends three weeks to one month abroad.

Charter tours booming

By ZEEV SCHUL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

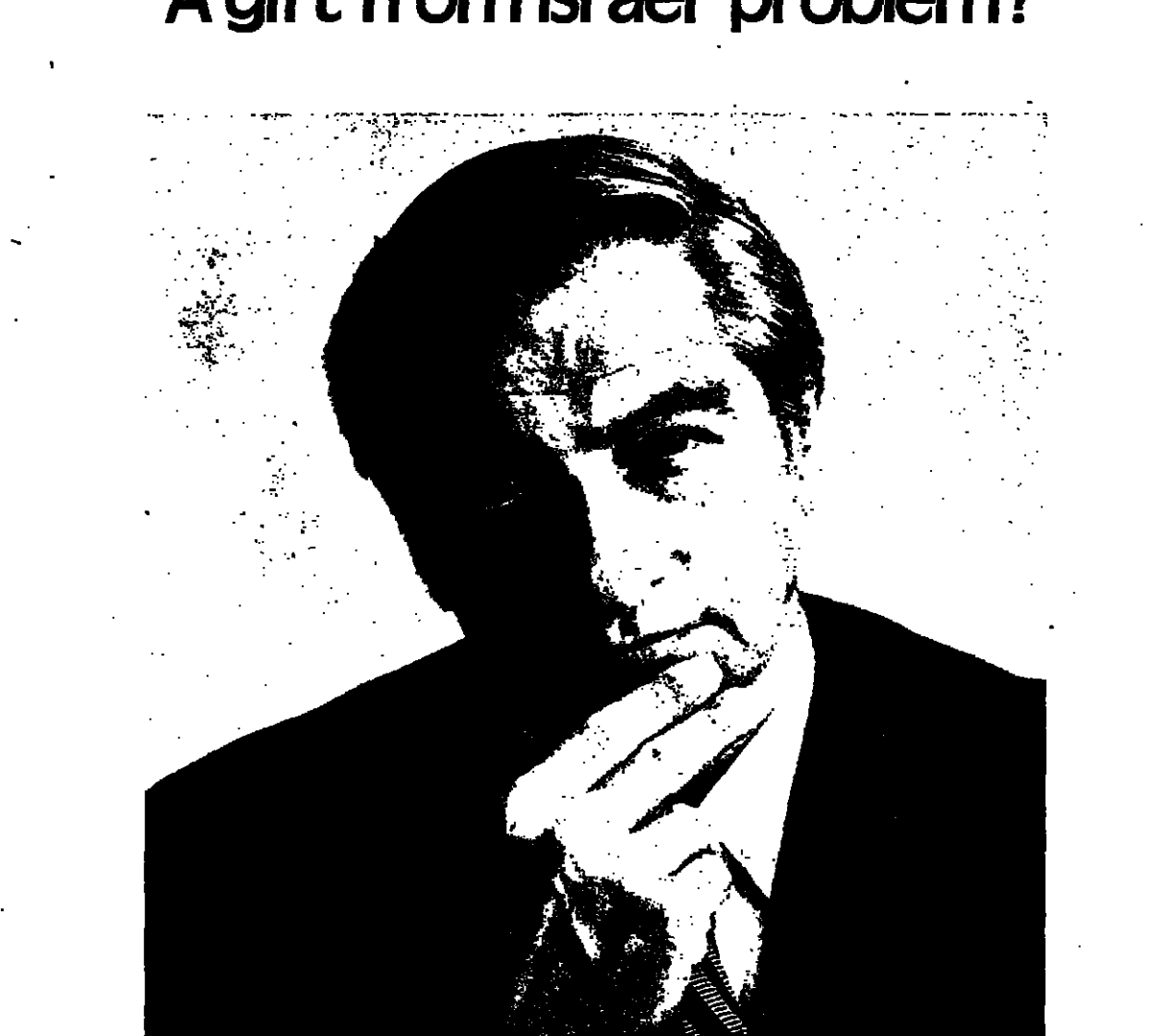
TEL AVIV. — A Californian travel agent is offering what appears to be an all time bargain in package tours to Israel. For \$389 the agent, World Creative Travel Tours of San Francisco, is selling a return ticket on board a jumbo and a fortnight's stay in Israel, divided into one week at the Tel Aviv Hilton and one week at the Jerusalem Hilton, with meals. For \$200 less the same package is offered at four star hotels. According to David Goldstein, Hilton Israel's sales manager, the package is 50 per cent cheaper than its nearest competitor's. The first group of about 420 tourists is due on November 21, and others should follow at fortnightly intervals. El Al has so far not taken up any "first refusal" rights on the charter. An El Al executive expressed scepticism to The Jerusalem Post yesterday, because of the package's extremely low price. "We don't see how they can do it," he said. Charter flights to Israel are reported to be increasing at an unprecedented rate. One large British operator has reached an advanced planning stage for direct flights to El Al, and El Al and Koppel Tours are putting the finishing touches to a joint venture to bring American army personnel who want to vacation here from Duesseldorf and Munich.

New settlement group for 'orthodoxy and ecology'

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Crops grown in accordance with the principles of ecology and children raised in observance of Halacha are the dream of a settlement group of new immigrants planning a new moshav shiftei in the Negev. The settlement hasn't even got land yet, or enough members or a commitment of support from the Jewish Agency, but it already has a name — Moshav Shalom ("Peace"). "Where I come from in California," says Haim Shertok, a member of the group (nuclear settlement group), "you drive your car with the windows closed to keep out the fumes, and planes spray out the cotton with insecticide every day. In Israel, we want to be less conquerors of the land than lovers of the land." Shertok, a second cousin of former Prime Minister Moshe Sharet, asserts that the settlement will try to use natural insect controls rather than dangerous insecticides. Cultivation of desert bushes that produce a substitute for whale oil will be experimented with. And during the seventh Shmita year, when farmers are required by Jewish law to let the land lie fallow, the members will use hydroponics (cultivation in water) or work for pay in nearby development towns. Although all of the potential members of the settlement are strictly Orthodox, they oppose the strictly Orthodox and support peace with Israel's neighbours — no settlement outside the Green Line for them. "Whereas not all territory is negotiable, Moshav Shalom affirms that peace is a higher principle than territory," says Shertok. The group, residing now at Moshav Shiftei Masot Yitzhak in Leishish, are looking for families and singles up to 35 who share their principles of Orthodoxy, ecology and social responsibility.

What's the answer to 'A gift from Israel' problem?



Israel Coins and Medals

It's surprising the number of people who are beginning to realise that Israel Government Coins and State Medals make great gifts. For relatives, friends, or business associates. Israel Coins and Medals, a record of a memorable event are a delight to the eye. Minted in numbered editions they are highly appreciated because of their numismatic value. When you're thinking of "a present from Israel" think about Israel Government Coins and State Medals. Available in a great variety from ISRAEL GOVERNMENT COINS AND MEDALS CORPORATION, 5, Ahad Ha'am, Jerusalem, or from authorised banks and dealers.

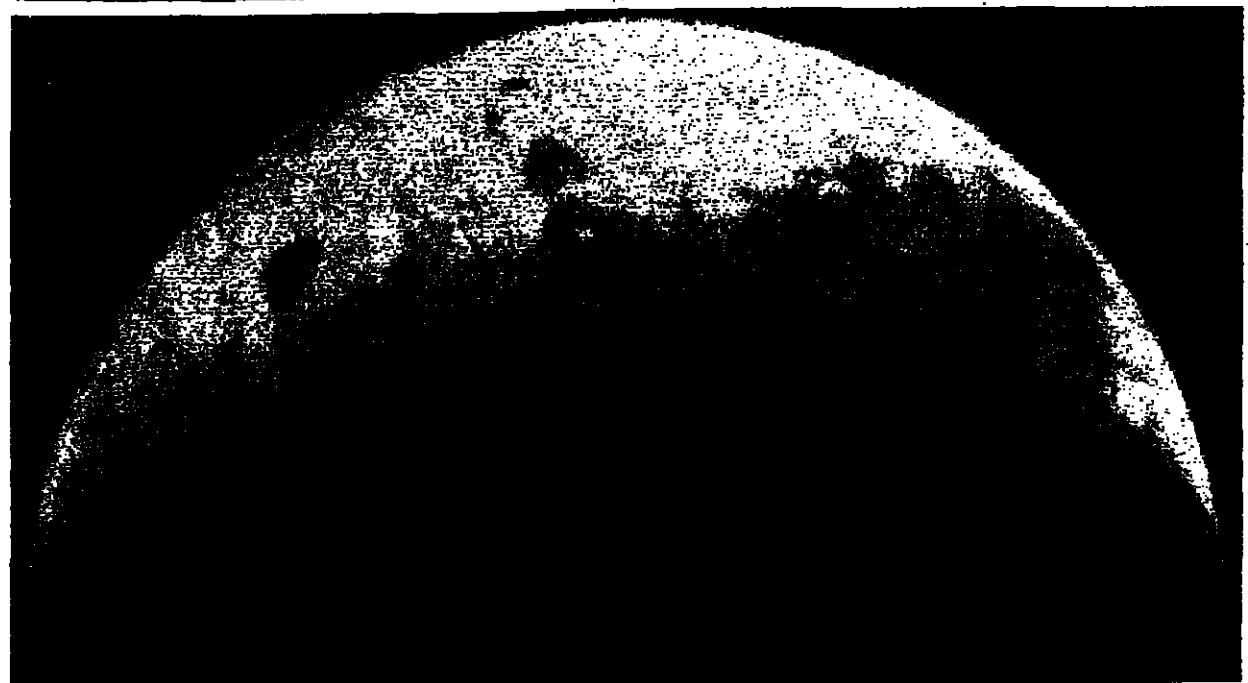
Brown's
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Book Bargains
up to **70% discount**
BROWN'S
ISRAELI QUALITY BOOKSHOPS
TEL AVIV: 36 Rehov Allenby
48 Nahlat Ben-Zion
(open from 8.30 a.m. till 7 p.m.)
JERUSALEM: 9 Shimon HaMalki

Ex-Border Police chief named new Prisons head



Jerusalem Post Reporter

A former commander of the Border Police, Haim Levi, becomes Commissioner of Prisons on August 16. He replaces Gunda Arye Nir, who has served in the post since 1958. The Cabinet ratified the new appointment at its weekly session yesterday. Levi, until now ranking as Nitzav in the police, now assumes the rank of Gunda, the highest in the Prisons Commission. Levi was born in Buzanyia in 1925. His parents' fourth generation in this country, were among the founders of the village, and it was there he served in the police from 1943 to 1946. He attended an officers' course in the Hagana, and served in the IDF until 1950. In 1954 he enlisted in the Border Police, and rose through the ranks until he became commander in 1972, serving until January 1976 when he studied criminology at Bar Ilan University. Levi is married and has three sons. At yesterday's Cabinet session, Premier Yitzhak Rabin and Police Minister Shimon Peres paid tribute to Gunda Nir's "loyal and effective service" during his 18 years as Commissioner. They expressed the Cabinet's appreciation of his contribution to security in various capacities during the past 40 years.



This crescent phase picture of Mars was taken by Viking 2 yesterday from a distance of about 250,000 miles as it was approaching the planet. This view is of the morning side. Towards the top of the picture, the dark spots are the huge volcanoes of the Tharsis region. They appear dark partly because clouds and the haze cover this region at this time of day, and the volcanoes stand higher than the clouds. At the bottom part of the picture, at the right tip, is a bright circular feature, the large basin Argyre where Viking 2 will land. This basin shows up brightly because its floor is covered with frost. (UPI telephoto)

New hope of life on Mars

PASADENA, California. — For the second time in a week, the Viking lander on Mars has sent back signals suggesting primitive forms of life might be buried in the Martian soil.

But scientists here cautioned that the findings could be the result of faulty instruments or of some strange chemical reaction in the soil. Biologists said they would not know whether the process was biological until they run control tests on August 23 on sterile soil-sample.

The hint of life came from an experiment on Saturday in which a Martian soil sample, scooped up by the Viking's mechanical arm, was bathed in artificial sunlight inside the craft's miniature laboratory.

The idea was to see if any organisms present would absorb gases under the influence of the light — in the way that plants on Earth take in carbon dioxide from the atmosphere and breathe out oxygen when the sun shines.

What was causing all the excitement here on Saturday was that the instruments showed that the orange-red soil sample had "belched" — had released about as much gas as a soil sample on Antarctica would with its very low level of organic activity.

"My reaction was one of sheer incredulity," said biologist Norman Horowitz, who is in charge of the experiment — the pyrolytic release experiment.

"I want to emphasize that we have not discovered life on Mars," he told a press conference. "The data we have are conceivably of biological origin, but the biological explanation is only one of a number of alternative explanations that have to be excluded."

Asked where he would put his money if he were a betting man, Dr. Horowitz hedged and said: "I would put half of it here and half of it there."

Any optimism was clearly tempered by the results of experiments a week earlier, which had

at first suggested the presence of life in the soil but were later thought to indicate only a non-organic chemical process.

Saturday's results climaxed a day of rapid developments in the Viking project, which is designed to place two landing craft on the rock-strewn surface of Mars in the search for rudimentary plant or animal life.

The second Viking spaceship, launched last summer, reached Mars on Saturday and began orbiting the planet in preparation for its touchdown on September 4.

Viking 2 is scheduled to land

in a deep depression near the north polar cap, where scientists believe there might be significant amounts of water vapour. The hope is that where there is water, there may be clues on past or present life forms.

Meanwhile, scientists at the jet propulsion laboratory said yesterday they had regained use of the Viking 1 lander's vital miniature shovel, which jammed last Tuesday as it gathered a sample of Martian soil. They said the shovel was working well and should be able to scratch the surface of Mars again this week. (Reuters)

Iran, U.S. sign 5-year, \$40b. trade protocol

TEHRAN, Iran. — U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger and Iranian Foreign Minister Hushang Ansary on Saturday signed a protocol outlining a five-year Iranian-U.S. trade and economic programme worth about \$40b.

At a joint news conference after the signing, Kissinger said the U.S. will continue selling \$2b. to \$3b. in arms to Iran every year through 1980.

Saturday's protocol mentioned the purchase of \$10b. worth of nuclear reactor power plants, but a separate agreement on this would be signed later. Kissinger indicated that all policy problems concerning safeguards to prevent the reactors from being used to produce nuclear explosives had been resolved.

Earlier, the U.S. insisted that by-products of the reactors, like plutonium, which is necessary to make nuclear bombs, be processed outside of Iran or procedures be instituted allowing the U.S. to monitor and safeguard the processing of the material in Iran.

(Because of improper controls during the 1960's India was able to build an atom bomb with nuclear material provided by the U.S.)

Kissinger said the yearly value of arms sales to Iran would be about the equal for the period 1972 to the present because of inflation. A Senate report recently said arms sales to Iran had ballooned "out of control" since former President Richard Nixon and Kissinger agreed in 1972 to "sell Iran virtually any conventional weapon it wanted."

Kissinger defended the sales, saying Iran's neighbours posed potentially serious dangers and that Iran has committed itself to make maximum efforts in its own self-defence instead of relying on the U.S.

Foreign Minister Ansary said Iran would increase the amount of oil exported to the U.S. from 16.5 million tons to an estimated 24 million tons in 1977.

Kissinger later left for Kabul where he assured President Mohammad Daoud of continuing U.S. interest in the independence of Afghanistan. (AP)

IDF in Lebanon with Khatib accord — 'Time'

Jerusalem Post Correspondent
WASHINGTON. — Israel and the Lebanese Arab Army have concluded an informal agreement under which L.A.A. troops, under the command of Ahmed Khatib, will be safe from Israeli attack as long as they do not help PLO terrorists to return to Lebanon's southern border. "Time" magazine reports in its forthcoming edition.

The magazine says that Israeli troops have been patrolling as deeply as three miles inside Lebanon. The purpose of the patrols, "Time" adds, is to search for Syrian troops and for terrorists.

"Time" reports that the Israeli incursions have the tacit approval of Khatib.

Paris policeman, agent dies in shooting exchange

PARIS. — A plainclothes subway agent and a policeman — both assigned to protect passengers in the city's subway system — died in an exchange of gunfire early yesterday in a station near the Eiffel tower, police said.

According to witnesses, Claude Mandigou, 36, stopped two North African passengers shortly after midnight to check whether they had cancelled tickets showing they had paid their fares. An argument ensued and Mandigou pulled his revolver.

Other subway passengers, not knowing Mandigou was a subway security agent, authorized to carry a gun, summoned two policemen.

When the officers appeared, witnesses said Mandigou opened fire, killing officer Dominique Larose, 28. Larose's partner returned the fire, killing Mandigou.

In the last year, muggings and other crimes of violence have increased by 33 per cent in the city's buses and subways.

Authorities blame the increase in violence on chronic unemployment among French youth, a general breakdown in law and order, and the replacement of about 3,000 subway ticket takers by automated devices over the last four years, leaving subway platforms without supervisory personnel. (AP)



Piatigorsky, cellist, dies

LOS ANGELES. — World-famous cellist Gregor Piatigorsky died here on Friday at the age 73. He had been suffering from lung cancer. Piatigorsky was born at Yekaterinburg in the Ukraine and became first cellist in the Russian Imperial Opera. He left Russia in 1921, and from 1924 he was leading cellist in the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra. Piatigorsky began a long and distinguished career as a soloist in 1923, and settled in the U.S. in the following year. He was regarded as one of the foremost cellists of his generation, making many arrangements for the instrument. He commissioned cello concertos from Hindemith, Castelnuovo-Tedesco and Prokofiev.

Piatigorsky visited Israel in 1954 to give concerts with the IPO, and in 1970 when he appeared together with Jascha Heifetz. He wrote an autobiography, "Cellist," which was published in 1965.

At the time of his death, Piatigorsky was living in Los Angeles and teaching at the University of Southern California. His last concert appearance was in February, when he played on his 261-year-old Stradivarius cello at the opening of the university's gerontology department.

Five white soldiers killed in Rhodesia

SALISBURY. — Five white Rhodesian troops have been killed in the single biggest loss in one engagement in the campaign against black nationalist guerrillas, a military communiqué issued here said yesterday.

The communiqué gave the men's names but no details on how or when they were killed in the eastern war zone along the Mozambique frontier.

The troops were reservists called up in the rebel Rhodesian government's "partial general mobilization" to counter the stepped-up war by African nationalists to end nearly 11 years of white minority rule. The victims came from the eastern farming town of Umfali, 208 km. east of Salisbury. Reports from the town said they were killed in a mortar explosion. (UPI)

WORLD SCENE

PAYOFF IN JAPAN

CORRUPTION SEEMS to be a way of life in world trade, with bribery, cheating and getting a cut out of a transaction apparently having become "normal" in both East and West.

The recent arrest of Japanese former Premier Kakuei Tanaka is perhaps the most dramatic indication of the extent to which corruption bribery has spread — especially with the repeated disclosures of the Lockheed aircraft company's multi-million-dollar payoffs.

Tanaka, 58, was the first political figure to be arrested in connection with the scandal which erupted when Lockheed executives told a U.S. congressional subcommittee last February that Lockheed had paid \$12.6m. to promote sales of its aircraft in Japan, including payments to key government officials.

It was disclosed that close to \$2m. in bribes were channelled through the Marubeni corporation, Lockheed's sales agent in Japan. Prosecutors in Tokyo suspect that the channel was Hino Eiyama, former chairman of Marubeni, who has been held since July 13. Tanaka was the fourteenth person arrested in connection with the affair.

The prosecutors are reported to have evidence that the ex-premier, who held office from 1972 to 1974, could be involved in bribery charges. Reports said that Tanaka had received \$1.66m. through Marubeni.

TANAKA RESIGNED as premier in December 1974 amid complaints within his Liberal Democratic Party over what was termed his "money politics" and questions raised by a magazine about the manner in which he had accumulated his personal fortune while in office.

Right from the day of his arrest, the Japanese media made it obvious that Tanaka was believed guilty. Newspapers and broadcasters were quick to drop the honorific "san" (Mr.) from his name, and this is regarded as a serious omission.

Among those arrested before Tanaka were top officials of All-Nippon Airways (ANA), which had purchased Tristar, the Lockheed version of the jumbo jet. But Tanaka's name had been linked in the

Japanese press to the purchase of the Tristars well before the scandal erupted.

The background to this story goes back to August 31 and September 1, 1972, when Premier Tanaka and President Nixon conferred in Hawaii. The two had agreed that Japan should buy American aircraft to balance the trade deficit between the two countries, which was heavily in Japan's favour. Tanaka in turn met with Tokuzi Wakasa, president of ANA, just before ANA took its decision to buy 21 Tristars.

All this happened at a time when it was considered almost certain that ANA would purchase the Douglas DC-10 jumbo jet — so it was naturally concluded that pressure had been exerted at a high level to favour Lockheed.

Wakasa was arrested before Tanaka, together with a former ANA director, Ryochi Fujiwara. The indictment says Wakasa received \$180,000 from a Lockheed envoy in Tokyo in June and July, 1974. Both Wakasa and Fujiwara are accused of receiving \$400,000 from John Clutter, Tokyo representative of Lockheed, in August 1974.

THERE WERE also doubts about a controversial Japanese Government decision in October 1972 to stop developing an anti-submarine plane. The decision opened the way for buying the Lockheed Orion.

Japanese press reports note that Tanaka is a friend of multi-millionaire businessman, Kenji Osano. Osano was reportedly the man who, according to former Lockheed vice-chairman A.C. Kitchian, advised the firm how to swing the Tristar deal with Japan. Tanaka said he only met Kitchian once when he was Minister for International Trade and Industry in January 1972. But subsequent investigation revealed that Tanaka met Kitchian at least three times.

Prime Minister Takeo Miki last week promised the Japanese people the fullest possible investigation of the Lockheed affair. To the surprise of all, he also said that he "does not believe that the scandal" has reached its peak with the arrest of Tanaka. There was no elaboration of that statement.

The Tanaka arrest has thrown Japan's political world into confusion. He is probably the big fish caught in the Lockheed scandal, but judging from Miki's remarks, it is likely to make more relations about others involve the Lockheed case, and this start off a chain reaction which could assume the proportions of a Watergate.

Money has been the power behind Japanese politics for more two decades and any more star revelations could break up a system in which the party with the funds has controlled the government.

IT IS INTERESTING to note directly after Tanaka's arrest were strong calls by business political leaders for reform of conservative Liberal Democrats, have ruled Japan for virtually the post-war period.

Tanaka, even after his resignation as Premier, had maintained dominant influence within the Liberal Democrats. He was supported by 94 members in both houses of the Diet, which meant almost a quarter of the party's seats. It was widely believed that with the end of the year, Tanaka's son who had risen to a position of considerable wealth as a businessman was preparing a political comeback.

His detention has possibly dashed his political hopes, even though he is regarded as a tough, thick-skinned politician. (It was not Tanaka's first arrest, by the way. He was briefly in 1948 on a charge of being a bribe while parliamentary minister of justice, but was acquitted.)

Even while under investigation at the prosecutor's office, Tanaka sent in his resignation from party, and political observers think this will have a divisive effect on the LDP.

But it is to Premier Miki's credit that he has stood unflinchingly through the crisis, and that he has not been swayed by the clamorous demands for his resignation.

He is a party member who is credible if Japanese politicians are to back Miki's attempts at clean-government policy.

Ford says he'll 'stand on record in campaign against Carter

CAMP DAVID, Maryland. — President Gerald Ford said at the weekend he would concentrate on his administration's success in reviving the U.S. economy during his presidential election campaign against Jimmy Carter.

Ford, confident of a victory in next week's Republican Party national convention over Ronald Reagan, was interviewed at his mountaintop presidential retreat on the occasion of the second anniversary of his taking office.

He said Reagan had hurt his chances at the nomination by selecting liberal Senator Richard Schweiker of Pennsylvania for his running mate.

"I didn't believe it," Ford said of the choice. "It shocked a lot of people. It hasn't produced results, so I think Gov. Reagan has hurt his chances," Ford said.

Asked if he would debate with Carter, Ford said: "I don't rule it out."

The President talked more of his vice presidential candidate and of the campaign against Carter than he did of the nomination battle with Reagan.

On the vice-president, Ford said: "I want somebody who fits the ideology I believe in and whose support for my programmes is consistent with my thoughts." Ford said he could not select Schweiker as a running mate because "I would not go that far to the edge of the political spectrum."

He said his aides had called on "more than a dozen" prospective running mates, but he declined to name them. Each was asked to be prepared to disclose tax, financial and health records if he or she makes it to the final selection process.

Among those whom he "hadn't ruled out" were former Texas Governor John Connally, Ambassador to Great Britain Anne Armstrong, Senator Howard H. Baker of Tennessee, and Senator Edward Brooke of Massachusetts. But he will not reveal his selection until he receives the nomination in Kansas City, despite Reagan's demand that he do it, Ford said.

The major accomplishment of his administration has been a turnaround in the American economy, in reducing both inflation and unemployment, the President said.

The biggest disappointment has been that we haven't been able to reduce unemployment as much as we'd like," he said. The latest figures, released on Friday, show unemployment in the U.S. at 7.8 per cent, but Ford predicted that by the end of the year it will be below 7 per cent.

Another disappointment, he said, is that "I don't believe we have sold our accomplishments as well as we should have. We have peace and we have restored trust in the White House, but we have been unable to sell that in a political way."

In a brief discussion of foreign matters, Ford said:

● He has sent the Kremlin a note on the possibility that two recent underground Soviet nuclear explosions may have exceeded 150 kilotons — which would not violate recent nuclear limitation treaties between the two governments, as yet unratified. But he said, "I would be disappointed if there was a violation of our understanding."

● That progress can be made in 1977 toward a Middle East settlement. "But the situation in Lebanon certainly has forestalled any broad momentum toward peace."

● "We still have some sticky problems to resolve in the Salt (Strategic Arms Limitation) talks," but "we are gradually narrowing the differences and becoming more flexible" with Russians.

● The U.S. plans no contact with the Pales Liberation Organization beyond what was necessary for two recent evacuations of U.S. and foreign citizens from Lebanon.

● "The problem of Lebanon is fully can be solved internally," Ford said. "Our participation could conceivably get us involved in a Vietnam-like situation and my administration is not going to go any further like that."

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Mondale firm on Israel

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — A group of American Jewish leaders emerged on Friday from a closed-door meeting with Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate Walter Mondale impressed by the nominee's solid support for Israel.

Participants present during the meeting, which came at the initiative of Senator Mondale, said that the nominee reaffirmed his longstanding commitment to Israel and

other issues of concern to the American Jewish Community — including free emigration for Soviet Syrian Jewry.

At last month's Democratic National Convention, Mondale's presidential hopeful, Jimmy Carter, referred to Mondale's strong support for Israel as one of the reasons for his selection on the ticket. Ever since he entered the Senate in 1964, Mondale has been one of Israel's firmest friends in Congress.

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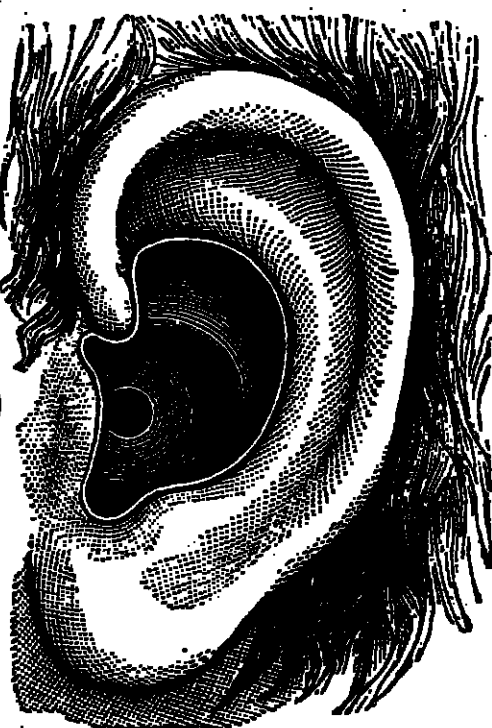
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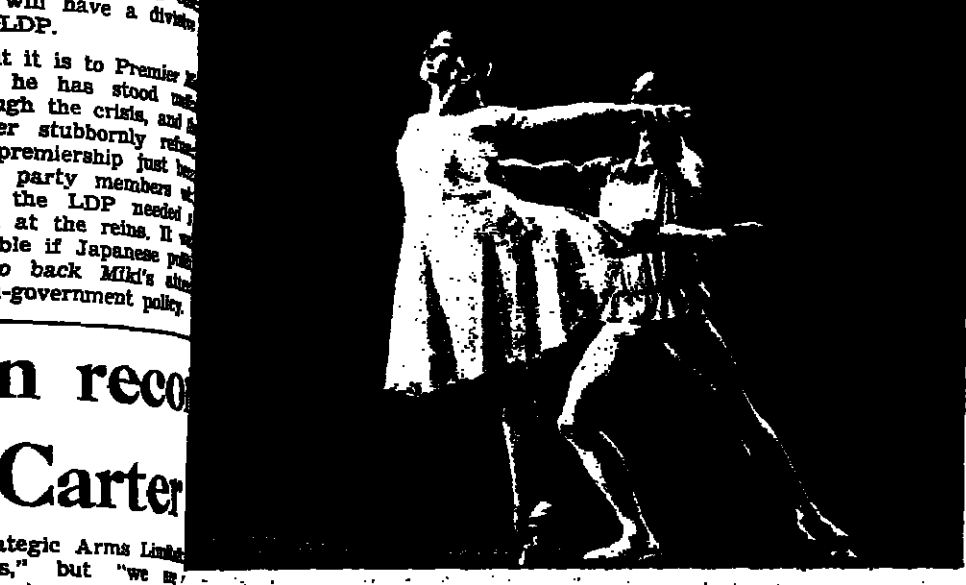
Members of the Dutch wooden shoe dance troupe from Nes Azzim, who will perform at the Ma'alot-Tarshisha fair.

Ma'alot's people-to-people happening

By JOAN BORSTEN / Jerusalem Post Reporter

NO ONE CAME TO Ma'alot after the 1974 terrorist infiltration, everyone — Israelis and Arabs alike — came to see the fair. It happened, to give the fair a name, because of the fair. The fair, which means state fairs, is a new concept for everyone. It is a new concept for everyone, but they're working on it as though they've been planning state fairs for years. The youth of Ma'alot and Tarshisha have turned out en masse to help organize, and are doing a great job. What's more, relations between the towns have improved — all of Ma'alot's workers are invited to the wedding of one of Tarshisha's workers, and then everyone from Ma'alot-Tarshisha is going to a Druse wedding in Peki'in. Peki'in is famous as the town's other western settlers that the project was worth while and then set up a steering committee from Ma'alot-Tarshisha to plan the fair, recruit talent, and search out exhibits from neighboring Jewish, Druse, and Arab settlements. "It's an all-volunteer project," explained Elaine. "We're really pleased with the response we've had from

both towns. This is a new concept for everyone, but they're working on it as though they've been planning state fairs for years. The youth of Ma'alot and Tarshisha have turned out en masse to help organize, and are doing a great job. What's more, relations between the towns have improved — all of Ma'alot's workers are invited to the wedding of one of Tarshisha's workers, and then everyone from Ma'alot-Tarshisha is going to a Druse wedding in Peki'in. Peki'in is famous as the town's other western settlers that the project was worth while and then set up a steering committee from Ma'alot-Tarshisha to plan the fair, recruit talent, and search out exhibits from neighboring Jewish, Druse, and Arab settlements. "It's an all-volunteer project," explained Elaine. "We're really pleased with the response we've had from



Israeli Ballet's "Symphonic Variations"

The elusive golden mean

DANCE / Joan Cape

MELODRAMATIC story dance. The problem of the golden mean can be solved by a plotless abstract ballet. This I found my interest gradually waning. Without question, however, Yacov Sharir showed an understanding of his craft that was extraordinary for a first effort. I look forward to his next creations. The programme includes two other abstract pieces, Boris Yampolsky's "Symphonic Variations" (Cesar Franck) was almost an étude in that it included no personal feelings at all. For this reason it showed the competent company to advantage in clear lines and clear rhythms, but gave them little to interpret or project or little for us to get excited about. They did best with the closing section which finally generated a little warmth in its lively activity. Quite another matter was "Electro-Bach" which Felix Blasko choreographed to Bach played on a synthesizer. This delightful composition, also plotless, held a pleasing variety of dynamic qualities and a pert, witty flavour. Nira Paz was outstanding here, as she was in "Homage to Jerome Robbins"; and the company surrounded her with verve and sparkle. This programme proved that it is not easy to locate the golden mean between the extremes of pure movement pattern that lacks emotional impact and straight drama that denies the aesthetic satisfactions of dance design. It also indicated that even if there is an exactly "right" approach, its use would not guarantee that a dance would strike us as beautiful or dull. In the end it seems to come down to the presence or absence of talent and artistry in the choreographer — and the dancers.

'Visions' of the Temple

By HENRIETTE BOAS Jerusalem Post Correspondent

AMSTERDAM. — A SMALL but interesting exhibition of prints showing how artists throughout the centuries imagined Solomon's Temple to have looked is now being held at the Meermanno-Westreenmuseum in The Hague. It will be on view until September 13. TO MARK the Temple exhibition, an attractive illustrated booklet has been produced (unfortunately only in Dutch). Mr. J.F. van Agt (a non-Jew), the foremost expert on Dutch synagogues, gives a detailed history of the Princessegracht edifice as well as of other smaller ones which preceded it but which have disappeared. An article by Judith Belinfante, Keeper of the Jewish Historical Museum in Amsterdam, describes the differences between the "realistic" vision of the Temple influenced by the illustrators' own contemporary surroundings and the "structural" vision based on Biblical sources. The well-known book by Jacob Judah Leon, "The Temple", and even more famous model made of Solomon's Temple are described in detail by A.K. Offenberg, of the Amsterdam University Library. Many details of Leon's life are still unclear. It is believed but not certain that he was born in Hamburg in 1602 and it is not definitely known whether he was of Spanish or Portuguese origin or whether his book on the Temple was written first in Spanish or in Dutch. What is known is that he is buried in the Sephardi cemetery at Oudekerk near Amsterdam. Leon "Temple" travelled to many countries with his model, which is believed to have measured 1.80x 1.20x 0.90 metres. While his Temple was relatively small, the walls around the Temple Mount were very large.

Arrestingly idiomatic

MUSIC REVIEW Benjamin Bar-Am

The Israel Festival. The Israel Chamber Ensemble, conductor and soloist Henryk Szeryng, violin. (Tel Aviv, Nesher Auditorium, August 2). Concerto No. 2 in D Major for Violin and Orchestra; Antonio Vivaldi: Symphonic in D Major; Concerto No. 3 in A Major for Violin and Orchestra. K. 219; Divertimento in D Major, E. 184. OF THE TWO concertos which Szeryng played, I preferred the Bach. Restrained, relaxed, introverted and completely stripped of all extraneous musical addenda, it became a rare example of pure, almost absolute music. The Mozart, on the other hand, was disappointing. Szeryng seemed handicapped by his additional duties as conductor and unable to assert himself and bring out his original musical conception. But we were graciously compensated with a truly outstanding performance of a solo encore (E Major Prelude) which demonstrated a unique combination of virtuosity, structural beauty, musical insight and the Mozart Divertimento. Following the fashion of the day, Maestro Szeryng has also taken to conducting. Though he lacks even the most basic technical capability, and his movements are funny and unfunctional, he came up with some surprises. He conducted two pieces — a symphony by the 18th century Mexican composer, Barrios, and Mozart's early Divertimento; the Barrios piece, although not very illuminating, was interesting as a specimen of 18th century European Baroque in Mexico. Despite his technical incompetence as a conductor, Szeryng was able to inspire the Ensemble and elicit from its indifferent players a remarkable performance of the Divertimento in D Major, which was alive, and arrestingly idiomatic.

Creating storage space (part II)

DO-IT-YOURSELF Mett Factor

FOR THE entresol described last week, make the door-frame of softwood (its laven) size 6 cm by 3 cm. Screw strips to the chipboard base and to the ceiling and the two walls with wallplugs. Opening doors can be made of 20 mm chipboard. Measure the outside dimensions of the frame. For the width of each door divide the frame width by two and then deduct 5 mm from the result. To find the height just deduct 5 mm from the ceiling to the base of the single iron. The hinges used are the socket type for end cupboards. These have a bent arm which allows the cupboard door to cover over the doorframe when opening. Drill a 55 mm hole to a depth of 11 mm 10 cm from the top of the door and 20 mm from the edge. Repeat the same procedure at the other end of the door. Special tungsten carbide drill bits are available for this size but they are fairly expensive and the

"The least of all evils," says Rabbi Yoel Bin-Nun, "is to do exactly what the Arabs expected us to do in 1967: keep all the territories, and tell them so. Then you'll see how quickly Samaria quiets down." This is the eighth and last instalment of MOSHE KOHN's series on Gush Emunim.

The numbers game

WHAT GUSH EMUNIM is about, says Rabbi Levinger, "is the Jewish National renaissance and the honour of Eretz Yisrael. Where the Government is leading us is on the path of bondage to the U.S. in economic and security matters. He says: "Of course we are concerned with pragmatic political and security considerations. But that isn't enough. God gave us Eretz Yisrael not merely for the sake of borders, but for Truth, to live a certain way of life. So we must struggle for purity, idealism, the submergence of egotism in the general cause. In time, we may have to go out and fight for the moral and ethical reformation of our country. Our activity so far has created the seeds for that, too." THE CONCEPT OF democracy, as generally understood, is irrelevant here, according to the Gush Emunim leaders. Rabbi Levinger says: "The Jewish national renaissance is more important than democracy. Democracy can no more vote away Zionism, aliyah, settlement, than it can vote that people should stop breathing or speaking. The fate of Eretz Yisrael and a free and whole Jewish life in it are not subject to a majority vote. At its roots, our people knows this. We are a people that is especially linked to vision. "Peace is not in itself a goal; it is an instrument — a vitally important one, to be sure — in organizing a way of life, in implementing a vision. Right now, the advancement of the Jewish People and, through it, of the Redemption process, and the moral and mundane integrity of the Jewish People and Eretz Yisrael, are more important than hypothetical peace. Once we attain those, the whole world will have peace," Rabbi Levinger says. What of the problem of demography and the democratic character of the State of Israel? "A living, dynamic people is capable of absorbing other populations. If the Jewish People perks up and starts living dynamically, optimistically, by its vision, we have nothing to fear: we will be able to live with non-Jews in our midst, and even to absorb them. "Meanwhile, we should give the Arabs in our midst all rights in all areas except those — like aliyah and security — pertaining to the special character of Eretz Yisrael as the Jewish People's land, and Israel as the Jewish State. Full civil rights must mean full citizens' duties, and we cannot grant them full duties and rights without giving them full rights. RABBI YOEL Bin-Nun adds: "Even the doves concede that we have annexed about 1 1/2 million Arabs; those of pre-1967 Israel; those of East Jerusalem which nobody intends to 'give back'; those of the Hebron Hills region (including the Etzion Bloc), which is an 'enclave' that nobody is giving back; the same goes for the Gaza Strip and Peki'in. We have annexed all these areas de facto de jure. "So today the whole dispute is over the 300,000 Arabs of Samaria — even less if you deduct those of the Ramallah area which even some doves don't want to 'give back.' "As though 'giving back' Samaria will solve the problem. If we're really going to be realistic, then we'd better 'give back' Galilee with its Arabs, too. Then we'll be back to the 1947 Partition borders. We say that the least of all evils is to do what the Arabs expected us to do in 1967: keep everything, and tell them so. You'll see how quickly Samaria will quiet down. Just as Galilee was quiet for 28 years till the Arabs there saw how we were pussyfooting over Samaria. Who knows? — soon the Gaza Strip Arabs may start acting up, too, and we'll have a general explosion and another war on world opinion? "This concern with world opinion is a grave mistake. The Philo-Semitism of the post-Holocaust period is over. The world is acting in terms of its cold self-interest — which is based on Arab oil and petrodollars — and that is why it is trying to appease the Arabs. Ford's 'help' to us is only an attempt to buy us, an attempt to make us strong enough to execute a total retreat. But the moment we retreat, the U.S. will retreat from us at rocket speed. If we hold on, there may be disputes with the U.S. but there will be no rift. "OPONENTS OF Gush Emunim cite the example of Rabbi Yohanan ben Zakai. According to a Talmudic legend — or at least according to a simplistic understanding of it — when the Jews of Judea launched the revolt that led to the destruction of the Temple by the Romans in 70 C.E., Rabbi Yohanan ben Zakai fled himself from the revolt, had himself smuggled out of rebel-guarded Jerusalem to the Roman commander (later Emperor) Vespasian, appeared him, and requested and got 'Yavneh and its Sages.' The authenticity of this legend was vigorously challenged by the late Gedaliah Alon. Rabbi Bin-Nun rejects Alon's theory, but he says: "The debate today is not between Rabbi Yohanan ben Zakai and Masada (where a group of rebels at the time made a last stand whose last survivors committed suicide, according to Josephus) but between Masada and Auschwitz — and we don't believe we are going to have another

Why women live longer than men.

By MACABEE DEAN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — There are seven main reasons why women live longer than men, according to an article by Dr. Ingrid Waldron and Ms. Susan Johnston in a recent article in the American magazine "Stress." A table they produce shows that in the U.S., out of every 100,000 persons, 1063 men die every year as compared with only 657 women. The main cause of death among men is arteriosclerotic heart disease (including coronary heart disease), which kills twice as many men as women. Heart disease is caused "by greater cigarette smoking, and probably a greater prevalence of the competitive, aggressive, coronary-prone behaviour pattern among men." Conversely, female hormones help to protect women from heart disease. The second main cause of death is lung cancer, which kills six times as many men as women — with cigarette smoking again indicated as the main contributing factor. Another respiratory tract disease, emphysema, hits five times as many men as women. The main cause: smoking. Traffic accidents kill three times as many men as women. This is not only because men drive more than women and are thus exposed to more danger, but also because "men drive less safely. Male drivers are involved in 30 per cent more accidents per mile driven, and 130 per cent more fatal accidents per mile driven." Under "other accidents," mainly at places of work, men lead women two to one. Men tend to more hazardous work than women, and to play around with firearms. The sixth major cause of death is cirrhosis of the livers, due mainly to excessive alcohol consumption. Men have twice as much cirrhosis of the liver as women. And finally, men commit suicide almost three times more than women, with one cause being the stress of competition for jobs. Women, however, try to commit suicide twice as often as men — but while men generally use guns, women tend to use poisons. The article notes: "The suicide attempt has been widely interpreted as a desperate, last-ditch cry for help, rather than an actual attempt to end life. Women apparently are better able to use a suicide attempt as a cry for help, and it seems likely that this ability to some extent protects them from the need to actually kill themselves. In contrast, males 'see' themselves as strong, powerful, dominant, and potent and find it difficult to seek help. Thus they are more likely to use guns rather than poisons and to carry a suicidal act through to a fatal conclusion." In discussing the sexes, the authors note that if men have a mortality rate twice that of women, the latter are much more prone to various illnesses, and go much sooner to see a doctor. "Men have a tendency to ignore minor ailments and not to seek rest or medical help unless more serious illness develops; this failure to care for their health may contribute to men's higher mortality."

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Yovel Convention in Jerusalem Today's Programme: 9.00 a.m.: Opening Plenary Session at The Van Leer Jerusalem Foundation. Speaker: Dr. Alvin I. Schick, NCJE President, and Executive Vice-President, Board of Jewish Education, New York. 10.00 a.m.: Educational Tiyul, Jerusalem Corridor and tree-planting ceremony, courtesy of the Jewish National Fund. 1.00 p.m.: Keynote Plenary Session at Israel Museum. Reception and greetings: Teddy Kollek, Mayor of Jerusalem. Speaker: Avraham Harman, President, the Hebrew University. The public is cordially invited.

Public Auction

at the pool of The Pal Hotel, Tel Aviv Auctioneer: Duda Topaz Auction tonight, Monday, August 9, 1976, at 8.30 p.m. and every subsequent Monday. Lots will include pictures, etchings, carpets, art objects, jewellery, old clocks, old silver items and rare objects. Viewing will start today, August 9, 11 a.m.-7 p.m. in room Festival D at the Pal Hotel. At the service of those attending: bar, great selection of aperitifs, grill specialties, and other food and beverage services. — Entrance Free — Those wishing to offer lots for sale should apply to the Sales Office, any day between 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. 66 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel Aviv, Tel. 297153, 298235, or 112 Derech Haifa, Tel Aviv, Tel. 445966.

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ASSAD RIDING HIGH

THE CHANGES in the Syrian government, coming as they do in the midst of Syria's deep involvement in Lebanon, naturally give rise to questions regarding the connection between the two developments.

A careful examination of the changes effected by President Hafez Assad, however, would seem to indicate that they were prompted for domestic reasons. But their effect on Syria's position in Lebanon, even if secondary, will be to strengthen Assad in the determined execution of his policy.

The changes seem to have been triggered off by the resignation of outgoing Prime Minister Mahmoud Ayyoubi. His resignation had been in the office since April 1975, when he failed to win a berth to the leadership command of the ruling Ba'ath Party in a party election. That blow to Ayyoubi's prestige was not effaced since and it became clear that his going was only a matter of time.

His replacement, General Abdul-Rahman Khleifawi, is known as a tough no-nonsense administrator and as one of the closest men to Assad in the military establishment which rules Syria. Khleifawi's standing with Assad was dramatically shown when he came out as one of the first army officers to support Assad in his coup in 1970. In fact, Khleifawi served as Assad's first Prime Minister, a post from which he was forced to resign in 1972 due to illness. Apparently recovered following lengthy medical treatment in Britain, Khleifawi can be expected to provide the dedicated toughness needed to implement Assad's policies, which are being questioned both in the Arab world and in Syria itself.

It is noteworthy that when he was Prime Minister, Khleifawi opposed the 1971 Syrian military intervention in Jordan in aid of the beleaguered PLO forces there. It is thus, perhaps, no coincidence that he returns to the fore of Syrian politics so shortly after President Assad's speech in which he bitterly attacked the PLO for seeking to involve Syria in Jordan at that time and for opposing Syrian interests in Lebanon today.

It is not surprising that Yasser Arafat yesterday expressed his fears that the Syrian Cabinet changes might preface a stepped up Syrian offensive against the PLO and its leftist allies in Lebanon.

This view would also seem to be reinforced by the retention of the two dominant members of the outgoing Cabinet, Minister of Defence Mustafa Tlas and Minister of Foreign Affairs Abdul Halim Khaddam.

The domestic significance of the Cabinet change lies mainly in the dropping of the head of the Syrian economy, Deputy Minister for Economic Affairs, Muhammad Haider. An additional sign of Assad's self-confidence is the appointment of Syria's first woman cabinet minister, Dr. Najah Attar, as Minister of Culture and National Guidance. Only a head of state relatively secure in his political power would flout conservative Moslem tradition which is still predominant in nearly all Arab countries, by naming a woman minister.

A new deal on Israel's roads

THE NEW car insurance law — that will come into force, appositely, on Rosh Ha'Shana — imposes a heavy burden on car owners, who will have to pay a quarter as much again on their already high yearly motor insurance premium. But it introduces a welcome, perhaps a revolutionary, reform in this chaotic sector.

Up till now the victim of a street accident could lose his earning capacity and be turned into an invalid without receiving an agora of compensation, unless he proved the driver guilty. If the driver were proved guilty, there was then no limit to the damages that could be litigated for. The accent was on the resources (or the nerve) of the injured party, and the eloquence of his lawyer.

The new system divides car insurance in two. Damage to property remains as before. But damage to human beings is taken out of the field of commercial bargaining, and made into a social right. From now on, should a person — any person — be lamed in a traffic accident, he will receive compensation within 90 days, no matter who was responsible for the mishap. And the sum of compensation is fixed by law, varying with the extent of the victim's injury and the loss of his earning-power.

If this system is costlier than the former one, it is precisely because people who were previously hurt gratuitously, perhaps because they did not look before crossing the road, will now receive a cash benefit. They should still glance both ways before stepping off the pavement, because no money can comfort a person for being crippled. But at least the penalty for carelessness will no longer be so disproportionately great.

Equally refreshing is the knowledge that an entire sector of human life is not subject any more to those interminable and soul-destroying wranglings in and around the law-courts, which as often as not added a new dimension to the physical ordeal of the accident itself. The judges will be relieved of the moral pressure on them to bend their understanding of the evidence, so as to provide some relief for persons without means. The over-burdened court system will breathe more easily with the removal of a time-consuming topic from its jurisdiction.

The question agitating the insurance companies, on whom this obligation has been clamped, is whether income from increased premiums will cover outlays on increased benefits. Time will show. The system must be tried first; adjustments can be made later. The important thing is that, in an age of increasingly dense traffic and unprecedented risks to life and limb, everybody is properly insured at last, and no injured person will any more be left destitute.

Nuclear energy - yes!

VIEWPOINT / Scott Thomas

THE "DISASTER" of a spillage of radioactive waste is not "inevitable," as Arthur Saul Super would have us believe (Viewpoint, August 3). Nothing is "inevitable" except death and taxes. Nuclear power is a risk. But this does not obscure the pressing economic and political reasons for developing nuclear reactors along with the technology to minimize the risk of radioactive spillage.

The industrialized world is now dependent upon oil as the primary energy resource. The large oil and natural gas reserves available to the West from oil fields outside the U.S. are located in the Persian Gulf/Arabian Peninsula, in the Gulf of Mexico, in Venezuela, and in the North Sea. Canada has oil reserves but no export. The temporary shortage and permanent rise in price of OPEC oil in 1973 produced the worst recession the West has experienced since 1929.

At present output, assuming the necessity for increases in energy consumption according to the only economic formula for maintaining a healthy economy known — growth — these oil and gas reserves will begin to decline during the 1980s.

For this reason Saudi Arabia and Iran have already begun construction of nuclear power plants to come into operation during the 1980s. So have the French, British and West Germans, and are counting on their natural gas, which unfortunately is only economical when carried locally by pipeline, and also will run out.

The failure of détente means that Western access to Soviet oil (the second largest estimated reserves in the world) is not a reality. The Soviets simply do not have the technology to pump their Siberian oil out of the ground at present, and their best bet is to let it sit in the obvious expectation of shortages at the end of the century. The oil fields of Brazil are also untouched. Failure to find alternative energy resources by the 1980s will mean an increasing monopoly by these nations over the world's energy resources.

The U.S., already importing 40 per cent of her oil, has embarked on a gamble in this race against the

future shortage. All energy reserves have been opened for full production, including Alaska, the remaining American oil reserve. Full production from the Alaska fields should be reached during the 1980s and should reach its peak and begin to decline during the 1990s. Failure to open these reserves immediately would have entailed the danger of allowing supply — or lack of it — to be monopolized by OPEC.

The political ramifications to Israel and the West of dependence upon OPEC oil today and possibly Soviet oil tomorrow point up the necessity for developing an alternative to oil as quickly as possible. This must be cheap, abundant, inexhaustible, and clean. Perhaps the answer is nuclear fission, or solar collectors on satellites, or some other technology which has not yet been developed.

WIND POWER WILL not light New York or Tel Aviv, and energy from trash-burning in the end costs more to produce than oil itself. Sun energy, when filtered through the atmosphere, can heat buildings, but is not a feasible energy source for conversion into electricity.

The technology to replace oil is likely to cost more to produce than any other project man has ever attempted, including going to the moon or Mars. Such an undertaking cannot be financed in a no-growth economy, or a recession; and these are the risks of maintaining a heavy dependence on OPEC oil.

Nuclear fission breeder reactors must be seen primarily as a bridge between the end of the oil age and the beginning of the age of a new energy. Optimists hope that such reactors will already be obsolete before they are finished. Pessimists point out that should the supply of oil be cut off before another feasible energy source is found, if it is found, we may have to rely upon the reactors completely. In the face of these realities, we can and must find a way to make nuclear reactors safe.

(The writer is an American living in Tel Aviv who has a special interest in energy problems.)

READERS' LETTERS

Living memorials

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — I refer to the letter of Betsy Moscovitz of July 28 concerning the Holocaust memorial planned in Haifa.

I do not belong to the Holocaust generation and therefore I believe I see things in a different perspective from Mrs. Moscovitz. She wonders why we should spend money on a monument when we have more pressing tasks for the living. A monument such as this is as important to the living as a new clinic. In our times of self-questioning and moral perplexity, when even some of our own people question our moral right to live in our own homeland, a memorial such as this will remind us why we are here.

In her letter, Mrs. Moscovitz asks: "Why not in Afula, Bnei Brak..."

Why not? Every settlement no matter how small should have a memorial to the six million martyrs so that the living will remember what happened and not question our existence here.

With such a daily reminder, there would be less strikes, less com-

plaints, and more people conscientiously working for the common goal of creating a stronger nation. Holocaust memorials will have to be built for new Holocausts.

DAVID ERIC FRINGERSCH

Holon.

Sir, — Permit me to add my voice to those of your readers who criticized the monument to the martyrs in Haifa. This is not an isolated case: it is a pyramid now being erected near the Soldiers' House in Jerusalem at the estimated cost of IL7,000,000 any better?

This is supposedly a memorial for our sons, husbands, fathers and brothers who fell in the wars. I, for one, am convinced that our dear ones would have preferred the money to be used for more constructive purposes of which there is no shortage.

Sometimes I feel that mine is a voice in the wilderness. However, your letters encouraged me to add this comment.

A BEREAVED FATHER
(Name and address supplied.)
Jerusalem.

BOYCOTT BY MUSIC CRITICS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, On July 8, a concert was held in the Jerusalem Theatre, featuring four young soloists with the Jerusalem Symphony Orchestra — IBA. No review of the concert was published, and I wonder what made that event less deserving than others of professional consideration.

BOAZ HEILMAN

Yehoshua Boehm comments:

For the last three months, no review of any concert of the Jerusalem Theatre has been published. The reason is a dispute between the manager of the Jerusalem Theatre and the Jerusalem critics which has still not been cleared up.

POSTSCRIPTS

ONE of the minor by-products of the Entebbe rescue operation must have been a considerable increase in the revenue of postal authorities almost all over the world.

The "Letters to the Editor" column and "Postscripts" have been flooded with mail from readers both here and abroad. Almost every Israeli seems to have received letters from old friends, frequently non-Jewish, expressing admiration for the rescue of the hostages.

We should have tried to give space to all the compliments which have been balm to our previously somewhat bruised spirits. But we feel that the time has come for all of us to treasure the praise in our hearts and pledge ourselves to maintain Israel's refurbished image in our public and private lives.

F.D.

OH DEAR! If the British are a superstitious people they must have been perturbed last Thursday morning to hear that something had gone wrong with Big Ben.

We personally hadn't noticed the absence of the famous chiming when listening to the BBC's eight o'clock news and in any case had always been under the impression that they were recorded.

But the announcer told the world that something had gone wrong with the mechanism, metal fatigue or some such thing. To many, accustomed to hear the chiming in times of war and peace, strong and weak sterling, loss or recovery of the Ashes and so on, the news must have come like a presage of doom.

F.D.

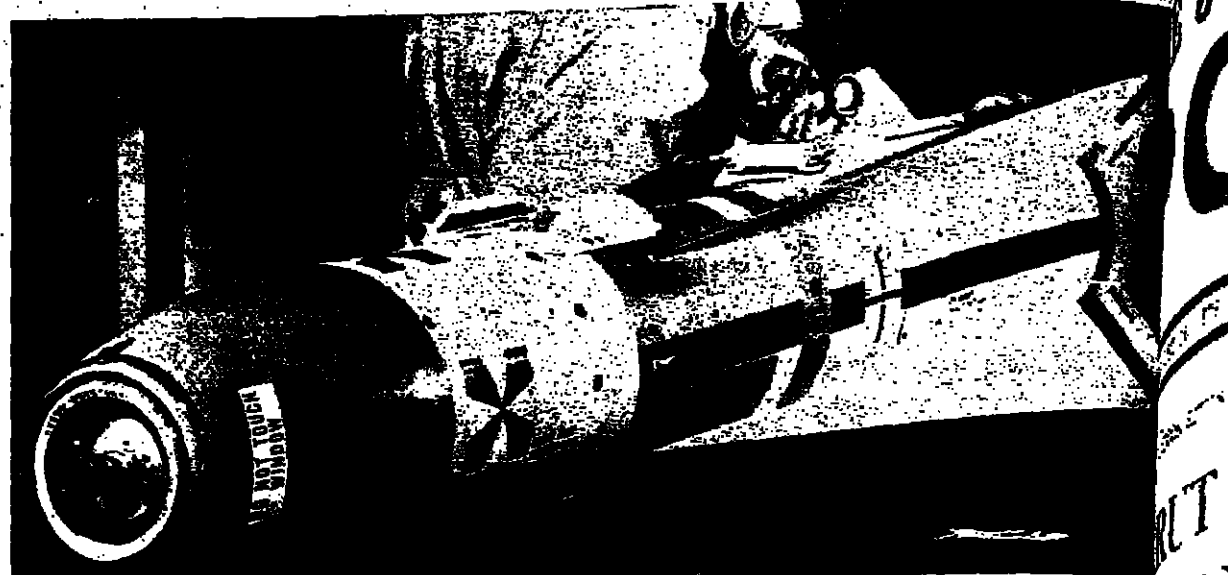
WITH each successive Olympiad, as athletes run faster than ever before, the perennial question is asked: when will the ultimate performance be attained?

It is agreed that there must be a limiting factor. The most prevailing theory is that the ultimate athletic achievement relates to the ability to take in enough air into the lungs to oxygenate the blood and keep the heart working.

Britain's Sir Roger Bannister, who as a medical student was the first man to run a mile in less than four minutes, thinks the 3 min. 59 sec. barrier will be broken by the year 2000. John Walker, of New Zealand, who won the Olympic "metric mile," the 1,600 metres, in Montreal the other week, holds the present world mile record of 3 min. 49.4 sec.

An English scientist now theorizes that the fastest time for the mile — based on his tests claiming to show the maximum possible oxygen intake by humans — will be 3 min. 38 sec. It is interesting to note that a statistician decided in 1974 that man would never run faster than 4 min. 12.75 sec. for the mile.

S.J.



The proposed U.S. arms deal with Saudi Arabia, includes the sale of 1,500 Maverick air-to-ground missiles. Maverick, shown here, is guided to its target by a tiny television camera installed in its nose.

THE VAGARIES OF U.S. ARMS SALES

U.S. arms sales, including proposed massive supplies to Saudi Arabia, are dictated more by the whims of Secretary of State Kissinger than by Pentagon military planners.

This could have disastrous consequences for Israel, writes HIRSH GOODMAN from Washington.

AMERICAN MILITARY OFFICIALS — so it would appear after two days of talks here — no longer have the convenient black and white picture they once did concerning Israel's defence needs. Many grey areas have infiltrated the simplistic rationales of the past.

Whereas it was once a truism that the Pentagon and the State Department took different views about the manner in which Israel should be handled, today there seems to be a unified policy in the buildings on both sides of the Potomac.

In brief, the logic formulated by State Department and Pentagon technocrats that will guide American policy in the Middle East (to a large degree regardless of the outcome of the November election) is that Israel now has enough fire-power to repulse an attack by the combined Arab armies within two weeks with "acceptable" casualties.

This assessment, it is claimed, will hold true regardless of massive arms purchases by peripheral Arab states over the next few years, of the outcome of the fighting in Lebanon, and of the evident weakening of NATO on the southern flank.

The current cause celebre here is the massive supply of arms and munitions that America has undertaken to deliver to Saudi Arabia. Prime Minister Rabin's statement in the Knesset on July 28 that such supplies are inconsequential, led to some very red pro-Israeli faces in the Pentagon and the State Department, and to some very smug faces among those who have been pushing for the deal.

RABIN'S STATEMENT was criticized as ill-advised and foolish by both Americans and Israelis who devote much of their time and energies to ensuring a secure Arabia. The trend to arm Saudi Arabia cannot be seen in a vacuum. The decision is part of an overall State Department policy that, if allowed to continue unchecked, could have disastrous consequences for Israel.

From what one can gather from disgruntled Pentagon officials here, the military planners are losing control of the dissemination of American arms.

Who gets what, is no longer depen-

dent on military intelligence, but on what Henry Kissinger promised a particular king, prince, or other head of state at some time or other. There is no correlation, the Pentagon men claim, between the need for arms, the ability to absorb them, and their supply. Nor is enough attention being given to the ultimate destination or use of the arms.

On the question of third-party transfers, it transpires that American officials are far more concerned about potential transmissions by Israel than by Saudi Arabia or other Arab states.

THERE IS A NEW perception in Washington that Israel is currently to be denied unlimited access to advanced technological systems. That America is making difficulties for Israel in acquiring technological know-how was confirmed by a senior Israeli official.

As reported in The Jerusalem Post on Friday, American officials are now looking very closely at the wording of the no-transfer clause in the Foreign Military Sales Act as it applies to Israel. There is a potential for making problems, not only with regard to the export of the Kfir, but virtually to every piece of military equipment that leaves Israel.

Whether the threat to impose sanctions will ever be carried out is not the point. What is important, and indicative of where the Administration stands right now in its relationship with Israel, is that officials are taking a close look at something that two years ago, say, would never have been questioned. There is a definite suspicion of Israel.

I also discovered that the Boeing Corporation in Seattle, which is now developing hydrofoils for the U.S. Navy, was very hesitant to let Israelis have a close look at their wares.

"You gentlemen have established a reputation of being industrial cheats," I was told by a man who should know what he is talking about and who has a reputation of being a close friend of Israel.

IN SHORT, there is the feeling here that Israel's orders and its requests for a peek at American technology are no longer linked purely with the

country's defence needs, but with the business acumen of Israeli generals. Again, who reputation is deserved is of no consequence; the point is that what people here are thinking.

The Arabs find a very symmetrical in the mid-and upper echelons of the State Department and the Pentagon. There is a perceived Israeli would be a far strategic asset if there were peace in the Middle East. It is felt that this could only be if Israel were more competent and prepared to make common cause with the Arabs.

Officials here fear a Lebanese situation, which would lead the Arabs and neutral terrorists, will again lead the path of complacency. Several of them intimated that complacency would not be a harmonious relationship. U.S. Furthermore, they are very convincing reasons why the U.S. should be arms unlimited to Saudi Arabia.

Another bone of contention does not seem to be resolved though Pentagon officials at it has been, is the disparity American and Israeli intelligence with regard to the power.

It has long been public knowledge that after the CIA and Congress what Israel could be an overly optimistic balance of Middle East. Israel's favour, Israel claim the estimates were wrong because they failed to in potential held by non-com Arab states, which possess quantities of military power. The Americans to this day, they do include arms and held by the non-confrontational but only those arms which could be mobilized event of an all-out war.

In the ultimate analysis, there is still a tremendous sensitivity to Israel's existence. There is no doubt of the commitment of American officials to Israel's survival. This is what has eroded, however, clarity of the special relationship Israel once had with the U.S.

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